**World War II**

1. **Before US Enters**
   1. Policy of Neutrality
      1. US will not favor one side over the other
   2. Lend Lease Act
      1. US would “rent out” equipment to the British to fight against the Nazis
   3. Cash and Carry
      1. British would purchase the equipment today and the US would transport it for them across the Atlantic Ocean
   4. Lend Lease Act and Cash and Carry together is known as the “Arsenal of Democracy”
2. **US Enters into World War II**
   1. Attack on Pearl Harbor by the Japanese
      1. The Japanese attacked because the US cut them off from oil and steel
      2. “Day that will live in infamy”—F.D. Roosevelt
      3. December 7, 1941
   2. Changes on the Home Front
      1. Women work in the factories
         1. Rosie the Riveter
      2. Conserve food
         1. “Meatless Tuesdays”
         2. Rationing
      3. Factories made wartime goods
         1. Ford stopped making cars and made jeeps and planes
      4. Federal government sold war bonds
      5. Propaganda posters
         1. Cartoons
         2. Movies
         3. Advertisements
   3. Korematsu v. United States
      1. Fred Korematsu was arrest and ordered to report to an internment camp. He refused to go.
      2. Supreme Court ruled that Japanese Americans posed a danger to the country and that your rights can be taken away during times of war.
         1. Not until the 1990s that Bill Clinton announced that the US made a mistake and paid back reparations back to the Japanese Americans
3. **War In Europe**
   1. D-Day (June 6)- Largest invasion of France to defeat the Nazis (led by D. Eisenhower)
      1. Allies (US, GB, France, and USSR) defeat Hitler
   2. Nuremberg Trials
      1. Trails against the Nazi for war crimes (Holocaust)
         1. Soldiers can no longer say they were following orders
4. **War in Pacific (Against Japan)**
   1. Island hopping- jumping from one island to another getting closer to Japan
   2. President Roosevelt dies in office (4th term).
      1. Vice President Harry Truman is sworn in
   3. Manhattan Project
      1. Scientific/military operation to research atomic weapons
      2. J. Robert Oppenheimer- man in charge of the project
   4. Truman authorizes the dropping of two bombs after he is told the US would lose over 100,000 soldiers if they invaded Japan.
      1. Hiroshima- Little Boy
      2. Nagasaki- Fat Man
   5. This enters the world into the atomic age
   6. Japan surrenders before the Soviet Union invades them.

**The Cold War**

1. Early Cold War
   1. A war of words between the US (capitalism/democracy) v. Soviet Union (communism)
      1. Truman v. Stalin
   2. Potsdam Conference (during World War II)
      1. US, Great Britain, France, and USSR agree to split Germany and Berlin into 4 zones
         1. US + GB + France = West Germany/West Berlin
         2. USSR = East Germany/ East Berlin
   3. Winston Churchill (former Prime Minister of England)
      1. “Iron Curtain Speech”- an iron curtain has fallen across Europe (a clear difference between democracy in west Europe and communism in east Europe)
   4. Truman Doctrine
      1. US would supply military aid (troops) to any government that is being threatened by a communist takeover
         1. Greece and Turkey
   5. Marshall Plan
      1. US would supply any struggling government with money to help stabilize their economy
   6. The US foreign policy during the Cold War was containment
      1. To stop the spreading of communism around the world
   7. NATO and Warsaw Pact
      1. NATO- based on collective security (if one nation is attacked, the other nations will come to its defense)
         1. Protect member nations against communism
      2. Warsaw Pact- named after the capital of Poland
         1. Protect member nations against democracy
   8. Berlin Blockade
      1. Stalin was annoyed at the success of the Marshall Plan
         * 1. Blockades West Berlin in
      2. In response, the US (Truman) leads the Berlin Airlift
         * 1. US planes dropped supplies into West Berlin
   9. Korean War (1950-1953)
      1. Korean was split at the 38°
         1. North Korea- Communist side
            1. Led by Kim il Sung
            2. Watched over by the USSR
         2. South Korea- Democratic side
            1. Led by Sygmund Rhee
            2. Watched over by the US
      2. 1950- North Korea invades South Korea
         1. US and the United Nations get involved
         2. The war ends right where it began
            1. “The Forgotten War”
      3. Truman fires General Douglas MacArthur
         1. Truman can do this because he is the Commander in Chief
      4. United Nations
         1. Peace keeping organization that replaced the League of Nations
            1. Created by F.D. Roosevelt
            2. 5 Permanent Members that have veto power

France, GB, US, USSR, and China